

SECTION I: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT IDENTITY: Sulfuric Acid, Battery Electrolyte CDID: 1.400 Specific Gravity EMERGENCY: (610) 828-9309 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: (CHEM TEL) 1-800-255-3924	MANUFACTURER NAME: C & D Technologies, Inc. ADDRESS: 1400 Union Meeting Road P. O. Box 3053 Blue Bell, PA 19422-0858 TELEPHONE: (215) 619-2700
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SECTION II: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS COMPONENT	CAS#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	% BY WEIGHT
*SULFURIC ACID	7664-93-9	1.0mg/ m3	1.0mg/ m3	49 - 52%
NON-HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS				
Water	7732-18-5	N/A	N/A	48 - 51%

SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372) LISTED TOXIC CHEMICALS ARE PRECEDED BY AN *.

SECTION III: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Liquid, Colorless, Oily Fluid, Vapors are Colorless; Acrid odor when Hot or Charging	RATING CODES	1=Slight	2=Moderate	3=High
		4=Extreme	0=Insignificant	
	HMIS RATING	Health: 3	Flammability: 0	Other: 0
		Reactivity: 2		
ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation X Skin X Ingestion X	NFPA RATING	Health: 3	Flammability: 0	Other: CORR
		Reactivity: 2		
HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC): ACUTE: Tissue destruction on contact. May cause 2nd and 3rd degree burns or blindness with prolonged contact. Ingestion will cause corrosive burns on contact. May be fatal if swallowed. CHRONIC: Inhalation of mists may cause upper respiratory irritation.				
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Irritation or burning of exposed tissues.				
MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Respiratory disorders may be aggravated by prolonged inhalation of mists.				

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:	
SKIN / EYES	INGESTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flush with water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing If irritation continues, seek medical attention. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not induce vomiting Drink large quantities of milk or water Give CPR if breathing has stopped Seek medical attention immediately

SECTION V: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES:			
Flash Point: N/A	Flammable Limits (as H ₂ gas):	LEL: 4%	UEL: 74%

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Hydrogen gas may be present. Hydrogen gas and acid mist is generated upon overcharge or in fire. Ventilate area.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Class ABC or CO₂. Caution should be taken not to use CO₂ directly on the battery cell as the thermal shock may cause cracking of the battery case and release of battery electrolyte.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Ventilate the area well. SCBA and acid protective clothing are recommended.

SECTION VI: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Neutralize any spilled electrolyte with soda ash or sodium bicarbonate until fizzing stops. When the reaction stops the pH should be neutral at 6-8. Collect residue and place it in a suitable container. Residue may be hazardous waste. When neutralized, the spill is non-hazardous. Keep untrained individuals away from the spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation, hydrogen gas may be given off during neutralization.

CONTAINMENT: Contain large spills with earth or clay dikes.

SECTION VII: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

- Add water to acid after neutralization to avoid excessive heat generation.
- Store in cool, dry area away from reactives and combustibles.
- Do not store in sealed, unventilated areas.
- Provide secondary containment if large volumes are stored.

SECTION VIII: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: General room ventilation is sufficient during normal use and handling. Do not install these batteries in a sealed, unventilated area.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (IN THE EVENT OF BATTERY BREAKAGE)

Eye Protection = chemical goggles or safety glasses with sideshields and a full-face shield.

Respiratory Protection = NIOSH approved acid mist respirator, if OSHA PEL is exceeded or respiratory irritation occurs.

Protective Gloves = rubber or neoprene

Other Protective Equipment = acid resistant apron or clothes

WORK PRACTICES: Maintain eyewash and drench shower in area.

SECTION IX: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT: 235F **VAPOR DENSITY:** AIR=1>1 **VAPOR PRESSURE:** 145.8/mm

EVAPORATION RATE: (Water = 1):<1 **SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** 1.400+/- .010

APPEARANCE/ODOR: Clear, colorless liquid/Acidic smell **SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** 100%

SECTION X: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: This is a stable material.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Metals and combustibles, can react with oxidizing or reducing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS: Hydrogen gas, Sulfur Trioxide may be generated during battery overcharge conditions, in fire and at high temperatures. In fire may emit CO, CO₂ and Sulfides.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR

SECTION XI: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LD 50 NFORMATION: Administrative Route: Oral Dose:2140 mg/kg Test Animal: Rat

LDLo INFORMATION:	Administrative Route: Unreported	Dose: 135 mg/kg	Test Animal: Man
LC50 INFORMATION:	Length of Exposure: Inhalation	Dose: 510 mg/m3	Test Animal: Rat
EFFECT ON EYES / SKIN: Corrosive			
CARCINOGENICITY: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified " strong inorganic acid mist containing Sulfuric Acid" as a category 1 carcinogen, a substance that is carcinogenic to humans. "The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has designated strong inorganic sulfuric mist as a known human carcinogen." This classification does not apply to liquid forms of Sulfuric Acid or Sulfuric Acid solutions contained within a battery. Inorganic acid mist (Sulfuric Acid mist) is not generated under normal use of this product. Misuse of the product, such as overcharging, may however result in the generation of Sulfuric Acid mist at higher levels.			

SECTION XII: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Sulfuric Acid can pose a threat if released to the environment. See waste disposal method in Section XIII.

SECTION XIII: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: This battery electrolyte is a hazardous waste by the characteristic of corrosivity. Unused acid, when neutralized to a pH of between 6 and 8 is no longer hazardous. Follow proper disposal methods as allowed by your local ordinances and site permits. Acid contained in scrap batteries will be recycled and beneficially reused if the battery is handled through the C&D lead-recycling program. Contact your C&D sales representative for more information.

RCRA WASTE DISPOSAL NO: D002-Corrosive

SECTION XIV: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

FOR DOMESTIC, CANADIAN AND EXPORT SHIPMENTS:		LABEL: Corrosive
UN OR NA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN2796		PACKING GROUP: II
PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Battery Fluid, Acid		
EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE: 157	HAZARD CLASS: 8	

SECTION XV: REGULATORY INFORMATION

See 29 CFR 1910.268(b)(2)

SECTION XVI: OTHER INFORMATION

The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

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